

## HB0165S02 compared with HB0165S01

~~Omitted text~~ shows text that was in HB0165S01 but was omitted in HB0165S02  
inserted text shows text that was not in HB0165S01 but was inserted into HB0165S02

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2  
3 **LONG TITLE**

4 **General Description:**

5 This bill enacts provisions regarding foreign adversary threats to state critical infrastructure.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

8 ▶ defines terms;

9 ▶ directs the Utah Cyber Center to develop guidance on foreign adversary threats to critical infrastructure;

1 ▶ **prohibits state agencies from entering into or renewing contracts with foreign adversary companies for critical infrastructure access;**

3 ▶ **prohibits use of federally banned equipment in critical infrastructure;**

11 ▶ authorizes voluntary security assessments for critical infrastructure involving foreign adversary technology; and

3 ▶ provides for coordination between the Utah Cyber Center and state agencies on critical infrastructure security.

8 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

HB0165S01

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19        None

20        **Other Special Clauses:**

21        None

22        **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

23        ENACTS:

24        **63A-16-1301** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

25        **63A-16-1302** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

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26        *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

27        Section 1. Section 1 is enacted to read:

28        **63A-16-1301. Definitions.**

29        13. Critical Infrastructure Cyber Security

30        As used in this part:

31        (1) "Critical infrastructure" means systems and assets operated or maintained by a state agency that  
32        are vital to the state such that the incapacity or destruction of the systems and assets would have a  
33        debilitating impact on state security, state economic security, or state public health, including:

34        (a) emergency services communications systems;

35        (b) electrical power systems;

36        (c) water and wastewater systems;

37        (d) transportation management systems;

38        (e) state data centers and networks; and

39        (f) systems that store or process sensitive state data or classified information.

40        (2) "Cyber Center" means the Utah Cyber Center created in Section 63A-16-1102.

41        (3) "Foreign adversary" means a country listed in 15 C.F.R. Sec. 791.4 as that regulation existed on  
42        January 1, 2026.

43        (4) "State agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-1-103.

44        Section 2. Section 2 is enacted to read:

45        **63A-16-1302. Foreign adversary threats to critical infrastructure -- Guidance and  
46        assessments.**

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(1) The Cyber Center shall, within available resources and in coordination with federal agencies, develop and maintain guidance for state agencies on protecting critical infrastructure from foreign adversary cybersecurity threats.

(2) The guidance described in Subsection (1) shall include:

- (a) best practices for identifying and assessing security risks when foreign adversary technology, software, or services are used in connection with critical infrastructure;
- (b) recommended security controls and monitoring procedures for critical infrastructure that utilizes foreign adversary technology;
- (c) procedures for limiting foreign adversary access to critical infrastructure systems and data;
- (d) methods for assessing and documenting risks associated with foreign adversary involvement in critical infrastructure;
- (e) recommendations for transitioning away from foreign adversary technology in critical infrastructure when feasible and cost-effective; and
- (f) identification of categories of critical infrastructure that present heightened security concerns if foreign adversary technology is involved.

(3) The Cyber Center shall:

- (a) review and update the guidance described in Subsection (1) at least annually;
- (b) make the guidance readily accessible to state agencies through the division's website; and
- (c) include information on foreign adversary threats to critical infrastructure in briefings and materials provided to state agencies on cybersecurity matters.

(4) A state agency that operates or maintains critical infrastructure may request a security assessment from the Cyber Center if the state agency:

- (a) is considering procurement of technology, software, or services from a foreign adversary for use in critical infrastructure; or
- (b) identifies that critical infrastructure currently utilizes technology, software, or services from a foreign adversary.

(5) The Cyber Center shall prioritize security assessment requests under Subsection (4) based on:

- (a) the sensitivity of the data or systems involved;
- (b) the potential impact of a compromise on state security, economic security, or public health;
- (c) available Cyber Center resources; and
- (d) other relevant factors determined by the Cyber Center.

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81 (6) A security assessment conducted under Subsection (4) may include:

82 (a) an evaluation of potential security vulnerabilities associated with the foreign adversary technology, software, or services;

84 (b) an assessment of potential risks to critical infrastructure systems and data;

85 (c) an analysis of the potential impact of a compromise of the critical infrastructure on state operations, public safety, or economic security;

87 (d) recommendations for security measures or contract provisions to mitigate identified risks; and

89 (e) identification of alternative technology, software, or services that may present lower security risks.

91 (7) In conducting a security assessment under Subsection (4), the Cyber Center may:

92 (a) coordinate with the Department of Public Safety and other relevant state agencies; and

94 (b) coordinate with and utilize resources from federal agencies, including the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, as available.

96 (8) If the Cyber Center identifies significant security risks associated with foreign adversary technology in critical infrastructure, the Cyber Center may:

98 (a) notify the chief information officer and the affected state agency of the identified risks;

100 (b) recommend that the state agency implement enhanced security monitoring or controls;

102 (c) recommend that the state agency develop a plan to transition to alternative technology; or

104 (d) recommend that the matter be referred to appropriate state or federal law enforcement or security agencies.

109 (9) A state agency that operates or maintains critical infrastructure:

110 (a) may not procure for use in critical infrastructure, or enter into or renew a contract or agreement for, any equipment or services identified on the covered list for federally banned equipment developed under 47 C.F.R. Sec. 1.50002; and

106 (9){(b)} {A state agency that operates or maintains critical infrastructure} shall, when reporting a data breach to the Cyber Center under Section 63A-19-405, indicate whether the data breach involved technology, software, or services from a foreign adversary.

109 (10) {A} Except as provided in Subsection (9), a security assessment or recommendation provided under this section is advisory only and does not:

111 (a) prohibit a state agency from entering into a contract or making a procurement decision; or

113 (b) require a state agency to transition away from existing technology, software, or services.

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(11) Information obtained by the Cyber Center in conducting a security assessment under this section is protected in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

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**Section 3. Effective date.**

Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.

2-5-26 8:40 AM